Procedural Content Generation using Behavior Trees (PCGBT)

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Motivation

• Behavior trees (BTs) – commonly used technique for modeling NPC/enemy AI behaviors in games

- Enable designing behaviors in modular, reactive manner
 - Modular simpler behaviors combined into more complex behaviors
 - Reactive different behaviors can be selected for execution based on runtime conditions
 - Human-readable



Source: https://www.gamedeveloper.com/programming/behavior-trees-for-aihow-they-work

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• Desirable qualities for procedural content generators!

Overview

- Procedural Content Generation using Behavior Trees (PCGBT)
 - Repurpose behavior trees to model game design agents rather than game playing agents
 - NPC Actions (e.g. Find Cover) → Design Actions (e.g. Place Room)
 - Simple behaviors \rightarrow Sections of levels
 - Complex behaviors → Entire levels

- Applications for level generation
 - Super Mario Bros. / Mega Man
 - Dungeons / Metroid
 - Generic
 - Blending

- Directed trees consisting of
 - Root
 - Control flow (internal) nodes
 - Leaf nodes



Source: https://gamedev.stackexchange.com/questions/51693/

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- Blackboard



BT ---> PCGBT

- Action (leaf) nodes
 - BT execute NPC/enemy behaviors
 --- work with an underlying library of scripted actions and behaviors
 - PCGBT perform level design tasks e.g. generate a section of a level
 --- work with an underlying library of level segments and/or generative algorithms



PCGBT

- Content library which defines what the BT works with --- e.g. level segments (this work), generative procedures
- Action node behavior

--- e.g. sampling segments satisfying certain constraints (this work), run specific generative algorithm

Blackboard for storing globally accessible information useful for level generation
 --- location where content needs to be generated, player info, designer prefs, game state etc.

PCGBT

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Blackboard for storing globally accessible information useful for level generation
 --- location where content needs to be placed/generated, player info, designer preferences etc.

• NOTE: Exploratory work

--- Only used sequence and selector nodes in a non-dynamic setting (but parallel and decorator nodes could also be used)

--- All branching decisions made at random (but could use designer preferences, player behavior, dynamic difficulty adjustment etc.)

- Content library
 - --- 15x16 level segments extracted from VGLC levels

--- segments manually categorized based on design patterns (Dahlskog and Togelius 2012) contained within them

• Action node behavior

--- Nodes take one or more patterns as parameters, sample a segment from the set of segments containing at least 1 of these patterns

--- Place segment at current location; increment current x on blackboard by 1

















Mega Man

- Content library
 - --- 15x16 level segments extracted from VGLC levels
 - --- Segments grouped based on open directions --- each tagged with U, D, L and/or R

- Action node behavior
 - --- Nodes take one or more direction as parameters, sample a segment from the set of segments open in those directions
 - --- Check if opening exists between sampled segment and prior segment, else re-sample
 - --- Adjust current x, y on blackboard accordingly

Mega Man





Dungeons

- BTs for generating dungeons by modeling simple layout generation algorithm to test approach:
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Dungeons

- BTs for generating dungeons by modeling simple layout generation algorithm to test approach:
 - --- on genres outside platformers
 - --- using multiple ticks of the root node
 - --- for non-linear level generation
- Content library
 - --- 11x16 rooms from Zelda levels in the VGLC
 - --- Each room tagged with direction(s) containing doors
- Action node behavior
 - --- Nodes sample from rooms with desired doors determined by layout algorithm

Dungeons







Generic BTs

- Game-agnostic/generic BTs that can generating levels for multiple games
 - Requirement: section generated by control flow nodes and segments produced by action nodes are compatible across multiple games

- Non-generic
 - SMB BT since it utilizes Mario-specific design patterns

- Generic
 - MM BT could generate levels for any platformer consisting of vertical and horizontal sections and segments with openings in 4 directions
 - Dungeon BT could be used for any game with interconnected segments
 - *Metroid* --- platformer with a sprawling, interconnected game-world

Generic BTs

 Same tree as dungeon layout BT, but action nodes here work with 15x16 Metroid segments rather than 11x16 Zelda rooms





Generic BTs

• Action nodes sample 15x16 MM segments or 15x16 Metroid segments





Metroid Level



Mega Man Level

Blend BTs

- Combine BTs for generating level sections into a single tree
 → Generate whole levels
- Combine BTs for generating levels for different games into a single tree
 → Generate whole blended levels







Takeaways

• BTs can be repurposed for modeling design agents and generate levels for several games

- Procedural Content Generation using Behavior Trees (PCGBT)
 - Use of BTs for modeling procedural level generators
 - NOT a specific algorithm/BT implementation
 - --- condition/action node implementations are agnostic to the framework
 - --- decoupling the framework from implementation helps generalize to multiple design styles

• Primary utility

--- allow designers to combine handmade/generated content into whole levels in a modular, explainable (and potentially dynamic) manner

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 - Generate level sections based on runtime conditions
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 - Combining PCGBTs with traditional BTs for NPC behavior
 - E.g. PCGBT generates level section, traditional BT checks playability
 - Co-evolve game-playing (i.e. BTs) and game-design (i.e. PCGBTs) agents?

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- General Game Design
 - Dynamically generate different games at runtime using generic BTs?
 - Dynamically switch different games in and out during gameplay using blend BTs?

Future Work

- Playability evaluations / expressive range analyses
- Generate levels at run-time / generate segments from scratch
- GUI/interactive application to enable designers to create custom PCG-BTs
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